

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 05-May-2009 Revision Date 28-Dec-2021 Revision Number 4

1. Identification

Product Name 1,4-Dioxane

Cat No.: AC615120000; AC615120010; AC615121000

CAS No 123-91-1 Synonyms Diox

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Company
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 2

Carcinogenicity

Category 2

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category 3

Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye irritation

1.4-Dioxane Revision Date 28-Dec-2021

May cause respiratory irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness
May cause cancer







Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear eye/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Skir

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposa

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

May form explosive peroxides

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

WARNING. Cancer - https://www.p65warnings.ca.gov/.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Revision Date 28-Dec-2021 1.4-Dioxane

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

> method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Notes to Physician

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

be used to cool closed containers.

Water may be ineffective **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

12 °C / 53.6 °F **Flash Point**

Method -No information available

Autoignition Temperature 355 °C / 671 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 22% Lower 2%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. May form explosive peroxides. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). peroxides.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health **Flammability** Instability Physical hazards 2 3 N/A

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Take

precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on

clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological

Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use

spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

1.4-Dioxane Revision Date 28-Dec-2021

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle under an inert atmosphere. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Storage.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store under an inert atmosphere. Flammables area. May form explosive peroxides. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing Agent. Halogens.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
1,4-Dioxane	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 25 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm
	Skin	(Vacated) TWA: 90 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 1 ppm	
		Skin	Ceiling: 3.6 mg/m ³	
		TWA: 100 ppm		
		TWA: 360 mg/m ³		

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers

are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid Appearance Colorless

OdorPetroleum distillatesOdor ThresholdNo information availablepH6-8 500 g/l aq.sol

1,4-Dioxane Revision Date 28-Dec-2021

Melting Point/Range 12 °C / 53.6 °F

Boiling Point/Range 101 °C / 213.8 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 12 °C / 53.6 °F
Evaporation Rate No information available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 22%

 Lower
 2%

Vapor Pressure 41 mbar @ 20 °C Vapor Density 3

Specific Gravity 1.034

Solubility

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

Soluble in water

No data available

355 °C / 671 °F

No information available

1.32 mPa.s @ 20 °C

Molecular FormulaC4 H8 O2Molecular Weight88.11

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability May form explosive peroxides. Hygroscopic.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged

periods. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Reducing Agent, Halogens

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions May form explosive peroxides.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1,4-Dioxane	5170 mg/kg (Rat) 4200 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 7600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	48.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic

Acetonitrile: Tetrachloroethylene

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Group 2B	Reasonably	A3	X	A3
			Anticipated			

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

Revision Date 28-Dec-2021 1,4-Dioxane

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human

Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available. **Developmental Effects** No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Other Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
1,4-Dioxane	Not listed	LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 610 mg/L 5 min	EC50 = 163 mg/L 48h
		(Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 668 mg/L 15 min	_
		LC50: 10306 - 14742 mg/L,	EC50 = 733 mg/L 30 min	
		96h static (Pimephales	_	
		promelas)		
		LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h		
		flow-through (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h		
		semi-static (Lepomis		
		macrochirus)		
		·		

Persistence and Degradability Soluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
1,4-Dioxane	-0.42

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Revision Date 28-Dec-2021 1,4-Dioxane

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
1,4-Dioxane - 123-91-1	U108	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1165 **Proper Shipping Name** DIOXANE **Hazard Class** 3 **Packing Group** Ш

TDG

UN1165 **UN-No Proper Shipping Name** DIOXANE **Hazard Class Packing Group** Ш

IATA

UN1165 **UN-No Proper Shipping Name** DIOXANE **Hazard Class** Ш

Packing Group

Packing Group

IMDG/IMO **UN-No** UN1165 **Proper Shipping Name** DIOXANE **Hazard Class** 3

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Χ	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Ш

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (KECL).

Component	CAS No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	IECSC	KECL
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Х	-	204-661-8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-10463

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Component	CAS No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	>95	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

1,4-Dioxane Revision Date 28-Dec-2021

Clean Air Act

Component	HAPS Data	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
1,4-Dioxane	X		-

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
1,4-Dioxane	100 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Component	CAS No	California Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL	Category
1.4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Carcinogen	30 μg/day	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
1,4-Dioxane	X	X	X	X	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

Mexico - Grade

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Compone	ent	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
1,4-Dioxai	ne	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - 204-661-8 - Carcinogenic (Article 57a) Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to the environment (Article 57f - environment)
				Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57f - human health)

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Serious risk, Grade 3

1,4-Dioxane Revision Date 28-Dec-2021

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Commonant	CACNO	Savage III Directive	Savesa III Directive	Dettordom	Pacal Convention

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities		Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
		for Major Accident Notification	for Safety Report Requirements		
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

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Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS