

#### PROPYLENE GLYCOL

#### Alberta Vet Laboratories Ltd.

Document No.: SDS-QC.012

Version:1.0 Effective Date: 2020-03-16

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Propylene Glycol

### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

SDS Name: Propylene Glycol Product ID: PG4, PG10

**Synonyms:** 1, 2,-propanediol, 1,2-dihydroxypropane

Chemical Formula: CH<sub>3</sub>CHOHCH<sub>2</sub>OH

Distributed by: Solvet

7226- 107<sup>th</sup> Avenue South East Calgary, Alberta Canada

T2C5N6

For information, call: (403) 456-2245

Emergency number: (613) 996-6666 (CANUTEC)

1-800 463-5060 OR

(418) 656-8090 (Control Poison Center)

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**OSHA Hazard Communication Standard** 

This product is not a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

**Potential Health Effects:** 

**Eye Contact:** May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Corneal injury

is unlikely. Mist may cause eye irritation.

**Skin Contact:** Prolonged contact is essentially not irritating to skin.

Repeated contact may cause flaking and softening of

skin.

**Skin Absorption:** Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption

of harmful amounts.

**Inhalation:** At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due

to low volatility. Mist may cause irritation of upper

respiratory tract (nose and throat).

**Ingestion:** Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not

anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

**Aspiration Hazard:** Based on physical properties, not likely to be an

aspiration hazard.

Effects of Repeated Exposure: In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene

glycol may cause central nervous system effects.

**Label Elements:** 

Signal Word: Warning

**Hazard Statements** 



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May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name	Amount	CAS#
Propylene Glycol	> 99.5%	57-55-6

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Propylene glycol: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 20000 mg/kg (Rat). 22,000 mg/kg (Mouse). DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 208000 mg/kg (Rabbit).

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects

occur, consult a physician, preferably an

ophthalmologist.

**Skin Contact:** Wash skin with soap and plenty of water.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a

physician.

**Ingestion:** No emergency medical treatment necessary. Rinse

mouth with water.

#### Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.



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### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers.

Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

**Extinguishing Media to Avoid:** Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in

addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and / or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon

monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire

situation. Violent steam

generation or eruption may occur upon application of

direct water stream to hot liquids.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary

entry. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property

damage.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing (includes firefighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.



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# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure

Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers,

waterways and/ or ground water. See Section 12,

Ecological Information.

Method and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Any absorbent material. Collect in suitable and properly labeled open containers. Wash the spill site with large quantities of water. Large spills: Dike area to contain spill. Pump into suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional

information.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

**General Handling:** Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous

insulations may lead to lowering of the auto ignition temperature possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion. See Section 8, Exposure Controls and

Personal Protection.

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight or ultraviolet light. Keep

container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a dry place. Protect from atmospheric moisture. Store in the following material(s). Stainless steel. Aluminum. Plasite 3066 lined container. 316 stainless steel. Opaque HDPE

plastic container.

Shelf life: Use within 12 Months

Maximum Storage Temperature: 40°C

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Limits** 

Component	List	Type	Value
Propylene Glycol	WEEL	TWA Aerosol	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### **Engineering Controls:**



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Ventilation: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical State:LiquidColor:ColorlessOdor:Odorless

Odor Threshold: No test data available

pH: Not applicable

Melting point/ Freezing Point: -60 °C (-76 °F)

Boiling Point: 187°C (369°F)

Flash Point-Closed Cup: 103°C (217°F)

Flash Point-Open Cup: No test data available Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): 0.01 Estimated

Flammability (solid, gas):

Flammable Limits In Air:

Not applicable to liquids

Lower: 2.6% (V) Estimated

Upper: 12.5% (V) Estimated

Vapor Pressure 20 Pa @25°C EC Method A4

Vapor Density (air=1): 2.63

Specific Gravity (H₂O =1): 1.03 20°C / 20°C EU Method A.3 (Relative Density)
Solubility in water (by weight): 100% @ 20°C EU Method A.6 (Water Solubility)

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): -1.07 Measured

**Autoignition Temperature:** 100.01 kPa.400oC (>752oF) EC Method A15

**Decomposition Temperature:** No test data available

**Dynamic Viscosity:** 43.4 <u>mPa.s @ 25°C</u> Literature

Kinematic Viscosity: No test data available

**Explosive properties:** Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: No

**Liquid Density:** 1.03 g/cm<sup>3</sup> @ 20°C Literature

Solubility in Solvents:No test data availablePour Point:<-57°C (<-71°F) Literature</th>Henry's Law Constant (H):1.2E-08 atm\*m³/mole Measured

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of

normal use.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. See

Storage, Section 7, Hygroscopic.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Exposure to elevated temperatures can be cause

product to decompose. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

Avoid direct sunlight or ultraviolet sources.



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**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong

oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air

supply and the presence of other materials.

Decomposition Products can include and are not limited

to: Aldehydes. Alcohols. Ethers. Organic acids.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Acute Toxicity** 

Ingestion:LD50, rat >20,000 mg/kgDermalLD50, rabbit >2,000 mg/kg

**Inhalation** No deaths occurred at this concentration. LC50, 2 h,

Aerosol, rabbit 317.042 mg/l

**Eye damage/eye irritation** May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Corneal injury

is unlikely. Mist may cause eye irritation.

**Skin corrosion/ irritation** Prolonged contact is essentially non-irritating to skin.

Repeated contact may cause flaking and softening of

skin.

Sensitization

**Skin** Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in

humans.

**Respiratory** No relevant data found

Repeated Dose Toxicity In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene

glycol may cause central nervous system effects.

Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity Did not cause cancer in Laboratory animals.

**Developmental Toxicity** 

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in

laboratory animals.

Reproductive Toxicity In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In

animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Genetic Toxicology In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal

genetic toxicity studies were negative.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Toxicity** Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50>100 mg/L in the

most sensitive species tested).

Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static test,

96 h: 40,613 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity LC50, Ceriodaphnia Dubia (water flea) static test, 48h:

18,340 mg/l

Aquatic Plant Toxicity Er50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae),

Growth rate inhibition, 96h: 19,000 mg/l

**Toxicity to Micro-organisms** NOEC, no data available; Pseudomonas putida, 18h:

>20,000 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrates Chronic Toxicity Value Ceriodaphnia Dubia (water flea), semi-static test,

7 d, number of offspring, NOEC: 13020 mg/l



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Persistence and Degradability Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s)

for ready biodegradable. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).

**OECD Biodegradation Tests:** 

Biodegradation	Exposure Time	Method	10 Day Window
81%	28 d	OECD 301F test	Pass
96%	64 d	OECD 306 Test	Not applicable

Indirect Photo degradation with OH Radicals

Rate Constant	Atmospheric Half-life	Method
1.28E-11 cm <sup>3</sup> /s	10 h	Estimated

Biological oxygen demand (BOD):

BOD 5	BOD 10	BOD 20	BOD 28
69.00%	70.00%	86.00%	

**Chemical Oxygen Demand:** 1.53 mg/mg **Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 1.68 mg/mg

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF<100 or Log

Pow<3).

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): -1.07 Measured

**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF):** 0.09; Estimated.

**Mobility in Soil** 

**Mobility in soil:** Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from

natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process, Potential for mobility in so is

very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): < Estimated.
Henry's Law Constant (H): 1.2 E-08 atm\*m3/mole Measured

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Non –Bulk Not Regulated

DOT Bulk Not Regulated

IMDG Not Regulated

ICAO/IATA Not Regulated



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This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **OSHA Hazard Communication Standard**

This product is not a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to- Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard No
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard No
Fire Hazard No
Reactive Hazard No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

# Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List and/ or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List:

The following product components are citied in the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List and / or the Pennsylvania Environmental Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

Commonant	CAC #	A
Component	CAS#	Amount
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	>=99.5%

# Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances List:

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

# Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

# US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A)

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.



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# California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)

This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

### **US. Toxic Substance Control Act**

All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

#### **CEPA – Domestic Substances List (DSL)**

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

### **European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)**

The components of this product are on the EINECS inventory or are exempt from inventory requirements.

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Hazard Rating System NFPA

Health 0 Fire 1 Reactivity 0



The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Alberta Veterinary Laboratory Ltd. be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Alberta Veterinary Laboratory Ltd. has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR

**Revision Date: 2020-03-16**